# Knowledge Organiser Year 7 I.T. Term 2

# Key Topics covered in Term 2:

## Office 365

Understand how to access online platform to

#### **MS Word Skills**

Understanding key skills and short cuts.

#### **Review Skills**

Understanding how to take a step back and look at your work in a critical manner to understand how you can improve and what went well.

### **Presentation Skills**

PowerPoint presentation skills, understanding transition, animation and hyperlinks

#### The Cloud

Files and programs that are only available on the internet are often referred to as being **in the cloud**.



These files or programs can be accessed from **anywhere** on **any device** with an **internet connection**. Common examples are BBC iPlayer, iTunes and Spotify.

You can access Office365 by clicking the link on your desktop and sign in using your <a href="mailto:hnumber@omacademy.org.uk">hnumber@omacademy.org.uk</a> and your network password.

It is really useful as it saves your work automatically and regular intervals and you can access it at home as well as School.

#### Sharing information

Documents made on Office 365 are stored in the **cloud** so they are easy to **share** with other students or teachers.

Open the document you want to share and click the share button.

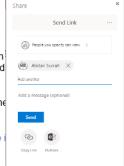


Enter the e-mail address of the person You want to send the document to and click **send**.

They will get an e-mail with a link to the document.



You can also e-mail anyone the school using Microsoft Outlook.





Word processing	Creating or editing typed documents electronically.	
Microsoft Word	Software within the Microsoft Office package used for word processing.	
Text	The words in a written piece of work.	
Font	The style and presentation of text (e.g., size, colour.)	
Formatting	Arranging content into a format, such as the spacing and punctuation of information on a page.	
Header	A section of a document which is repeated at the top of every page.	
Footer	A section of a document which is repeated at the bottom of every page.	
Page number	Numbers the pages of a document.	
Headings	Used to make certain highlighted text into titles.  Multiple heading styles can be used for main titles and sub-headings.	
Table	Creates a structured area where text can be separated into rows and columns.	
Page break	Used to start a new page from any point on a page.	
Margin	The name given to the space between the edges of the page. Can be made wider or narrower.	

Ctrl + S	Save	Saves a document	
Ctrl + C	Сору	Copies any selected text/image.	
Ctrl + V	Paste	Pastes any copied text/image.	
Ctrl + X	Cut	Copies and removes any selected text/image.	
Ctrl + Z	Undo	Undoes the last action.	
Ctrl + Y	Redo	Redo the most recent undone action.	
Ctrl + P	Print	Prints a document.	
Ctrl + A	Select all	Selects all text on a document/in a shape.	
Ctrl + B	Bold	Makes text bold.	
Ctrl + I	Italics	Italicizes text.	
Ctrl + U	Underline	Underlines text	
Ctrl + Enter	Page break	Makes a new page.	

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The presentation is a collection of individual slides that contain information on a topic.	
Software within the Microsoft Office package used to create presentations.	
A picture that has been created or copied and stored in electronic form.	
A single screen of a presentation.	
The images, text, videos and animations, which are contained in a presentation.	
The effects used when changing from one presentation slide to another.	
Moving or changing content within a presentation using effects.	
Controls the look of features that will appear on every slide of a certain type (for example, putting the date onto a title slide).	
Creates a box of text which can be typed into.	
The structure of the content on a slide – where all of the images and text boxes will be located.	
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Text tools		
A	Increase font size	Makes font size one stage larger.
A	Decrease font size	Makes font size one stage smaller.
Aa +	Change case	Used to change text from upper-case to lower-case, or the other way round.
<b>E E E E O</b>	Align Text	Alignment refers to the position of text. Text is moved to the <b>left</b> , <b>centre</b> or <b>right</b> of a page. Can also be done for the <b>top</b> , <b>middle</b> or <b>bottom</b> of a shape.
В	Bold	Makes text <b>bold</b> – text is thicker and more obvious.
I	Italic	Makes text <b>italic</b> – text is slanted.
<u>u</u>	Underline	Underlines text.
Bullets		Used to put <b>bullet points</b> in front of text. After one is created, they will be automatically added to each new line.
<u>‡</u> = →	Numbering	Used to put <b>numbers</b> in front of text. After one is created, the next line will start from the next number.
A -	Font colour	Changes the colour of <b>text</b> .
Calibri (Body) •	Change font	Change the style of <b>font</b> used on text
11 -	Font size (number)	Change the size of a <b>font</b> by typing in the number wanted.